



Small-Mid Cap Core Portfolio

Third Quarter 2024

Portfolio Review

The Small-Mid Cap Core portfolio outperformed the Russell 2500 Index in the third quarter. Good stock selection and an overweight in industrials and consumer discretionary contributed positively to performance. Poor stock selection and an underweight in financials and an underweight in real estate detracted from performance.

The biggest contributors to performance during the quarter were Fair Isaac and Cooper Companies.

- Fair Issac outperformed in the quarter due to continued strength in its high-margin Scores business driven by price increases combined with expectations that the lending environment will improve as the Federal Reserve lowered interest rates at its most recent meeting.
- Shares of Cooper Companies were strong in the quarter as the company's contact lens segment continues to see market share gains as lens consumers move to daily wear and the company's surgical segment sees ongoing growth.
- Other top contributors included POOLCORP, Equifax, and Bright Horizons Family Solutions.

The biggest detractors from performance during the quarter were LPL Financial and Teradyne.

- The company's stock was negatively impacted by commentary by large bank competitors on regulatory, legal and competitive issues pressuring for reduction of the interest income their wealth advisory platforms earn on client cash, now that interest rates have risen. LPL provides a competing wealth advisory platform that earns interest income on client cash as well, causing the stock to sell off along similar concerns.
- Teradyne underperformed in the quarter on a slower-than-expected recovery in its
 core test markets such as mobile SoC, systems, and wireless despite benefits from Alrelated demand for memory and networking SoC testers. Additionally, the industrial
 automation segment continues to face macro pressures.
- Other bottom detractors included Universal Display, Saia, and Charles River Laboratories.

Purchases and Sales

During the quarter, we purchased Universal Display. We sold Dolby Laboratories.

- Universal Display is the leader in the development and manufacturing of phosphorescent organic light-emitting diode (PHOLED) emitter materials used in display and lighting applications.
- We sold our position in Dolby Laboratories to fund the purchase of Universal Display, another technology company that we believe offers a greater risk-adjusted return opportunity over the longer-term.

Outlook

We believe investors should avoid getting too excited about what impact the initial cut in rates will have on the broader economy. The Federal Reserve's 50-basis point rate cut started a descent back to a more normal interest rate level. After the steep increases of the recent past, our current expectation is a gradual decline of rates to a plateau that will likely be 200-300 basis points above our former "normal." While we see many positive signs for the economy, such as a still-healthy labor market, strong consumer demand, and increased investment in infrastructure and manufacturing capacity, we also see some headwinds. The current level of deficit spending is more consistent with unemployment in the 7% to 10% range, not the 4% levels we enjoy today. Companies' pricing power also appears to be weakening as consumers push back against price increases, which could challenge profit margins. Bottom line: we believe there is reason for cautious optimism, but we do not think all companies will benefit equally if we do achieve that soft landing.

Portfolio Highlights

Style: Small-Mid Cap
Sub-Style: Core
Index: Russell 2500™
Portfolio Inception: 1992
Portfolio Assets: \$23,865.0 M*
Portfolio Turnover: 25%-35%

Investment Management Team

	earch Date
Jon Christensen, CFA Portfolio Manager + Senior Research Analyst	1995
Julie Kutasov Portfolio Manager + Senior Research Analyst	2001
Craig Stone Portfolio Manager + Senior Research Analyst	1990
Todd Beiley, CFA Senior Research Analyst	1999
Julie Biel, CFA Senior Research Analyst	2004
Chris Wright, CFA Senior Research Analyst	2012
Adam Xiao, CFA Senior Research Analyst	2013
Tyler Cantarano Research Analyst	2017
Sean Dixon Research Analyst	2008
Luke Longinotti, CFA ESG Research Analyst	2020
Arthur Su, CFA Research Analyst	2015
Clarissa Ali Associate Research Analyst	2023

Top Five Holdings

As of September 30, 2024

Company	Percent of equity (%)
Lennox International	5.2
Cooper Companies	4.6
Bentley Systems	4.2
Fair Isaac	4.1
POOLCORP	4.0
Total	22.1

^{*} Figures in USD

This report is based on the assumptions and analysis made and believed to be reasonable by Advisor. However, no assurance can be given that Advisor's opinions or expectations will be correct. This report is intended for informational purposes only and should be not considered a recommendation or solicitation to purchase securities. Holdings are subject to change. Holdings and weightings are based on a representative portfolio. Individual Investors' holdings may differ slightly. Data is obtained by FactSet Research Systems and is assumed to be reliable. Numbers may not always add up due to rounding. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.







Development of KAR High-Quality

Quantitative Screens

- High return on capital over a full economic cycle
- Long and resilient earnings history
- High return on net operating assets
- Minimal debt

Other Resources

- Research on existing portfolio holdings
- Meetings with companies
- Industry reviews
- Investment conferences
- Third-party research



Fundamental
Research

Qualitative Analysis

 Evaluate sustainability of business model and assess management's ability to direct capital where it can create further control of its market

Financial Analysis

 Evaluate basis for profitability, long-term growth potential, and ability to allocate capital appropriately

Valuation Analysis

 Determine the current and potential value of the business



Portfolio Construction

Position Weights

- Maximum initial position size is 5% (at cost)
- Maximum position size is 10% (at market)

Sector Tolerances

Seek broad diversification, but no sector constraints

Non-U.S. Holdings

• Up to 20%

Holding Period

- Typically 3-to-5 years, but is often longer
- Portfolio turnover is typically 25% to 35%

Cash Levels

 Typically will not exceed 10% once a portfolio is fully invested; review by CIO triggered if over 10%



Extended Valuation
Portfolio Upgrade

Acquisition Activity

Negative Company or Industry Changes

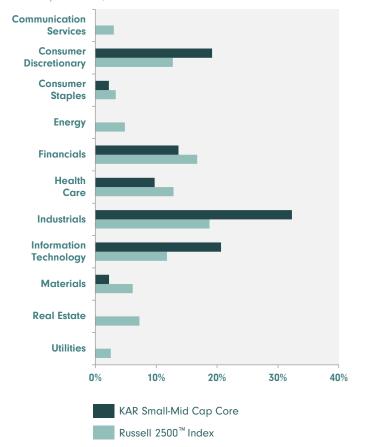
Seeking Higher Quality

Seeking Stronger, More Consistent Growth

Seeking Better Value

Sector Diversification

As of September 30, 2024



Holdings are subject to change. Holdings and weightings are based on a representative portfolio. Individual Investors' holdings may differ slightly. The sector information represented above is based on GICS sector classifications. Data is obtained by FactSet Research Systems and is assumed to be reliable.

Portfolio Characteristics

As of September 30, 2024

	KAR Small- Mid Cap Core	Russell 2500™ Index	
Quality			
Return on Equity—Past 5 Years	22.8%	12.4%	
Debt/EBITDA*	1.5 x	2.3 x	
Earnings Variability—Past 10 Years	42.9%	75.2%	
Growth			
Earnings Per Share Growth—Past 5 Years	11.8%	12.6%	
Earnings Per Share Growth—Past 10 Years	14.3%	9.8%	
Capital Generation—{ROE x (1-Payout)}	18.3%	9.6%	
Value			
P/E Ratio—Trailing 12 Months	37.1 x	33.6 x	
Dividend Yield	0.7%	1.4%	
Free Cash Flow Yield†	3.3%	3.3%	
Market Characteristics			
\$ Weighted Average Market Cap—3-Year Avg.	\$14.3 B	\$6.8 B	
Largest Market Cap—3-Year Avg.	\$34.8 B	\$29.6 B	
Annualized Standard Deviation—Since Inception [‡]	15.5%	18.1%	

*KAR utilizes the interquartile method when calculating Debt/EBITDA. The interquartile method excludes outliers from an aggregate statistic such as weighted average. The interquartile method does not assume that data from the top or bottom of the distribution are outliers—only the extreme ends are excluded—and that it can be applied consistently as a quantitative method for most fundamental characteristics. Debt/EBITDA utilizes net debt for the calculation.

*Free cash flow data is as of June 30, 2024. Prices are as of September 30, 2024. Excludes financials.

*April 1, 1992. Standard deviation for the KAR strategy is based on net of fee returns. This material is deemed supplemental and complements the performance and disclosure at the end of this presentation. Data is obtained from FactSet Research Systems and BNY Mellon and is assumed to be reliable. Other principal consultant firms may use different algorithms to calculate selected statistics. Estimates are based on certain assumptions and historical information. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Returns could be reduced, or losses incurred, due to currency fluctuations.

Small-Mid Cap Core Portfolio

Third Quarter 2024

Risk-Return Analysis

Ten Years Ending September 30, 2024



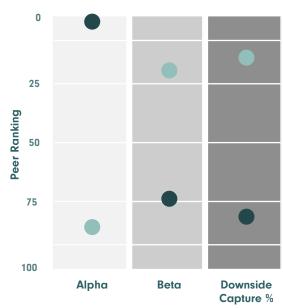
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Historical Returns

	KAR Small-Mid Cap	KAR Small-Mid Cap	Russell 2500 [™]	
	Core (gross)	Core (net) [‡]	Index	
Annualized Returns (%)†				
As of September 30, 2024				
3 rd Quarter	10.84	10.61	8.75	
Year to Date	13.58	12.87	11.30	
One Year	27.42	26.37	26.17	
Three Years	5.28	4.39	3.47	
Five Years	14.45	13.49	10.43	
Seven Years	14.80	13.83	9.02	
Ten Years	14.62	13.66	9.50	
Inception*	11.89	10.95	10.40	
Annual Returns (%)				
2023	24.93	23.89	17.42	
2022	(23.14)	(23.80)	(18.37)	
2021	20.81	19.80	18.18	
2020	36.34	35.21	19.99	
2019	40.77	39.61	27.77	
2018	(4.17)	(4.98)	(10.00)	
2017	19.84	18.84	16.81	
2016	17.30	16.32	17.59	
2015	6.16	5.27	(2.90)	
2014	9.74	8.81	7.07	
2013	31.61	30.52	36.80	
2012	8.82	7.90	17.88	
2011	8.45	7.54	(2.51)	
2010	20.46	19.45	26.71	
2009	30.58	29.50	34.39	
2008	(30.20)	(30.81)	(36.79)	
2007	0.35	(0.50)	1.38	
2006	13.83	12.88	16.17	
2005	3.13	2.26	8.11	
2004	14.19	13.23	18.29	
2003	24.81	23.78	45.51	
2002	(16.98)	(17.69)	(17.80)	
2001	5.06	4.17	1.22	
2000	23.80	22.77	4.27	
1999	6.09	5.20	24.14	
1998	21.39	20.38	0.38	
1997	20.82	19.82	24.36	
1996	27.00	25.95	19.03	
1995	17.47	16.49	31.70	
1994	2.75	1.88	(1.05)	
1993	20.00	19.00	16.55	
1992 [§]	9.65	8.96	11.36	

Peer Comparison Chart

Ten Years Ending September 30, 2024







The eVestment Small-Mid Cap Core Universe includes 57 managers categorized in the small-mid cap core asset class by eVestment. KAR does not pay any fees to be included in the eVestment Small-Mid Cap Core Universe or for the ranking itself. KAR does pay fees for the use of certain products and services provided by eVestment. eVestment rankings are based on gross of fee returns. Gross of fee returns will be reduced by investment managements fees and other expenses that may be incurred int he management of the account. Management fees are described in KAR's Form ADV Part 2A, which is available upon request and can also be found at https://kayne.com/wp-content/ uploads/ADV-Part-2A.pdf. Returns could be reduced or losses incurred due to currency fluctuations. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Performance Statistics

Ten Years Ending September 30, 2024

	KAR Small-Mid Cap Core (gross)	KAR Small-Mid Cap Core (net)	Russell 2500 [™] Index
Alpha	5.70	4.81	0.00
Sharpe Ratio	0.73	0.68	0.41
Information Ratio	0.76	0.61	N/A
Beta	0.87	0.87	1.00
Downside Capture	78.85	80.41	100.00
Tracking Error	6.78	6.78	N/A

*April 1, 1992 †All periods less than one year are total returns and are not annualized. Returns are final. Returns could be reduced, or losses incurred, due to currency fluctuations.

*Net of all fees and expenses. Assumes a 0.85% annual fee. Fees presented on the Disclosure page could vary from the assumed fee in the net-of-fee calculation, as actual fees paid by a particular client account differ depending on a variety of factors including, but not limited to, business unit and size of mandate. The fee used on the Disclosure page utilizes an assumed maximum fee across the firm's business units, which is further detailed on that page.

§Performance calculations are for the nine months ended December 31, 1992.

This material is deemed supplemental and complements the performance and disclosure at

the end of this presentation. Returns for the Kayne Anderson Rudnick composite are final. All periods less than one year are total returns and are not annualized. For periods prior to July 1, 2000, the Small-Mid Cap Core composite calculations have been linked to the firm's Small Cap Core composite performance, which represents all taxable and nontaxable, fully discretionary Small Cap Core Portfolios (including cash) under management for at least one full quarter. Beginning on July 1, 2000, only Small-Mid Cap Core Portfolios are included in the composite. For further details on the composite, please see the disclosure statement in this presentation. Data is obtained from FactSet Research Systems and is assumed to be reliable. **Past** performance is no guarantee of future results.





Small-Mid Cap Core Composite

Third Quarter 2024

Disclosure

Year	Composite Gross Return (%)	Composite Net Return (%)	Russell 2500™ Index Return (%)	Composite 3-Yr Std Dev (%)	Benchmark 3-Yr Std Dev (%)	Number of Accounts	Internal Dispersion (%)	Composite Assets (\$ Millions)	Firm Assets (\$ Millions)
2014	9.74	8.33	7.07	10.27	11.84	20	0.26	21	7,989
2015	6.16	4.80	(2.90)	12.23	12.59	18	0.23	21	8,095
2016	17.30	15.80	17.59	12.63	13.86	39	0.13	34	9,989
2017	19.84	18.31	16.81	11.15	12.31	83	0.32	137	14,609
2018	(4.17)	(5.41)	(10.00)	13.32	14.30	92	0.29	111	17,840
2019	40.77	39.00	27.77	14.87	14.79	135	0.69	225	25,685
2020	36.34	34.61	19.99	21.16	24.55	190	1.44	1,008	39,582
2021	20.81	19.27	18.18	19.01	22.80	319	0.28	2,031	47,269
2022	(23.14)	(24.16)	(18.37)	23.20	25.52	362	0.38	1,863	33,531
2023	24.93	23.34	17.42	20.94	20.43	364	0.54	2,656	41,186

The Russell 2500™ Index is a trademark/service mark of Frank Russell Company. Russell® is a trademark of Frank Russell Company.

KAR (as defined below) claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS® standards. KAR has been independently verified for the period from January 1, 1999 through December 31, 2023.

A firm that claims compliance with the GIPS standards must establish policies and procedures for complying with all the applicable requirements of the GIPS standards. Verification provides assurance on whether the firm's policies and procedures related to composite, as well as the calculation, presentation, and distribution of performance, have been designed in compliance with the GIPS standards and have been implemented on a firm-wide basis.

The Small-Mid Cap Core Composite has had a performance examination for the period from January 1, 1999 through December 31, 2023. The verification and performance examination reports are available upon request.

GIPS® is a registered trademark of CFA Institute. CFA Institute does not endorse or promote this organization, nor does it warrant the accuracy or quality of the content contained herein.

Kayne Anderson Rudnick Investment Management, LLC ("KAR"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Virtus Investment Partners, Inc., is a registered investment advisor under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. Registration of an Investment Advisor does not imply any level of skill or training. KAR manages a variety of equity and fixed-income strategies focusing exclusively on securities the firm defines as high

auality.

The composite includes all fully discretionary institutional and pooled Small-Mid Cap Core Portfolios. Small-Mid Cap Core Portfolios are invested in equity securities with market capitalizations consistent with the Russell 2500™ Index, that have market control, rising free cash flow, shareholder-oriented management, strong consistent profit growth and low-debt balance sheets. For comparison purposes, the composite is measured against the Russell 2500™ Index. The Russell 2500™ Index is a market capitalization-weighted index of the 2,500 smallest companies in the Russell Universe, which comprises the 3,000 largest U.S. companies. The index is calculated on a total-return basis with dividends reinvested. Benchmark returns are not covered by the report of the independent verifiers. The inception date of the composite is April 1992. The composite was created in July 2000. Policies for valuing investments, calculating performance, and preparing GIPS Reports are available upon request. The firm's list of composite descriptions, list of broad distribution pooled fund and the list of limited distribution pooled funds descriptions are available upon request.

The model management fee used for the net returns in this table is 1.30% for all periods presented. The standard Institutional management fee schedule currently in effect is as follows: 0.85% for the first \$25 million; 0.75% on the next \$25 million; 0.70% on the next \$50 million; 0.60% on the balance. The maximum Wealth Advisory Services Fee in effect is 1.30% for all assets, which breaks out as follows:

1.00% for the first \$3 million; 0.80% on the next \$2 million; 0.70% on the next \$5 million; 0.60% on the balance; with an additional 0.30% for any assets invested in separately managed accounts strategies. The standard investment advisory fee schedule currently in effect for clients not engaging in Wealth Advisory Services is 1.00%. Actual management fees charged may vary depending on applicable fee schedules and portfolio size, among other things. Additional information may be found in Part 2A of Form ADV, which is available on request. The performance information is supplied for reference. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Results will vary among accounts. The U.S. dollar is the currency used to express performance. Returns are presented net of transaction fees and include the reinvestment of all income. Gross returns will be reduced by investment management fees and other expenses that may be incurred in the management of the account. Model net returns have been calculated by deducting 1/12th of the highest tier of the standard management fee schedule in effect for the respective period from the gross composite returns on a monthly basis.

Internal dispersion is calculated using the asset-weighted standard deviation of annual gross returns for accounts in the composite for the entire year. For those years when less than five accounts were included for the full year, no dispersion measure is presented. The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation measures the variability of the composite (using gross returns) and the benchmark for the 36-month period.

GLOSSARY

Standard Deviation: Measures variability of returns around the average return for an investment portfolio. Higher standard deviation suggests greater risk. Alpha: A risk-adjusted measure of an investment's excess return relative to a benchmark. Sharpe Ratio: A risk-adjusted measure calculated using standard deviation and excess return to determine reward per unit of risk. Information Ratio: The information ratio (IR) is a measurement of portfolio returns beyond the returns of a benchmark, usually an index, compared to the volatility of those returns. Beta: A quantitative measure of the volatility, or systematic risk, of a security or a portfolio in comparison to the market as a whole. Downside Capture Ratio: A statistical measure of an investment manager's overall performance in down-markets. It is used to evaluate how well an investment manager performed relative to an index during periods when that index has dropped.

Tracking Error: The divergence between the price behavior of a position or a portfolio and the price behavior of a benchmark. It is reported as a standard deviation percentage difference, which reports the difference between the return an investor receives and that of the benchmark they were attempting to imitate.

INDEX DEFINITION

The Russell 2500™ Index is a market capitalization-weighted index of the 2,500 smallest companies in the Russell Universe, which comprises the 3,000 largest U.S. companies. The index is calculated on a total return basis with dividends reinvested. The index is unmanaged, its returns do not reflect any fees, expenses, or sales charges, and is not available for direct investment